I. Solve by Factoring (any method)

1) $x^{2}-64=0$
2) $x^{2}-6 x-16=0$
3) $x^{2}+3 x=40$
4) $2 x^{2}+3 x+1=0$
5) $x^{2}-100=0$
6) $x^{2}+6 x=0$
II. Solve by Square Roots
7) $x^{2}=64$
8) $4 x^{2}=81$
9) $x^{2}+7=-300$
10) $(x-5)^{2}=36$
III. Solve by using the quadratic formula:
11) 

$x^{2}+3 x+2=0$
12) $4 x^{2}-8 x=1$
13) $x^{2}+8 x=0$

IV Solve these by completing the square:
14) $x^{2}-2 x-8=0$
15) $X^{2}+2 x-48=-6$
16) $8 x^{2}-16 x+32=0$
V. Solve each equation using an efficient method. Show your work.
17) $x^{2}+11 x+18=0$
18) $x^{2}+2 x+1=15$
19) $7 x^{2}-9 x+1=0$
20) $(x+2)^{2}=36$
21) $x^{2}-10 x+25=0$
22) $x^{2}+3 x+7=0$
25) $x^{2}-5 x+4=0$

## VI. Word Problems:

26) The altitude of a triangle is 5 less than its base. The area of the triangle is 42 square inches. Find its base and altitude.
27) If the measure of one side of a square is increased by 2 centimeters and the measure of the adjacent side is decreased by 2 centimeters, the area of the resulting rectangle is 32 square centimeters. Find the measure of one side of the square (the original figure).
28) The length of a rectangle is 4 m more than the width. The area is $30 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. Find the width and the length.
29) The product of two consecutive even integers is 288 . Find the two integers.
